

BULLETIN

OF THE SOCIETY FOR AMERICAN ARCHAEOLOGY

VOLUME 2

JANUARY 1984

NO. 1

ARCHAEOLOGIST GARNERS 1983 MARGARET MEAD AWARD

Dr. Ruthann Knudson received the 1983 Margaret Mead Award at the American Anthropological Association meetings in Chicago, Illinois. The Mead is given jointly by the Society for Applied Anthropology and the American Anthropological Association of a young anthropologist who has made a significant contribution to applied anthropology, anthropological education, or the public understanding of anthropology.

Knudson, a 1973 Washington State Ph.D., was cited for her "outstanding efforts towards passage of national historic preservation legislation, and for her achievements in facilitating communication among industry, preservationists, government agencies and special interest groups."

Dr. Knudson is Director of the Cultural Resource Management program for Woodward-Clyde Consultants. She is currently an at-large member of the SAA executive committee and a Director of Preservation Action and Californians for Preservation Action.

* * *

THE SAA DOCTORAL DISSERTATION PRIZE ANNOUNCEMENT AND CALL FOR NOMINATIONS

To recognize and encourage scholarship of high quality by archaeologists just entering the profession, the Society for American Archaeology has established a prize to be awarded to individuals whose doctoral theses are judged to be particularly outstanding and important.

The prize consists of a lifetime membership in the SAA. The prize will be conferred publicly at the annual meeting of the SAA, and an announcement of the award

will be published in American Antiquity, along with an abstract of the prize-winning thesis. Additionally, the Society will endeavor to publish as many of these theses as possible.

The prize will be awarded on the basis of an annual evaluation of theses submitted by nominees to a review committee. The prize will be awarded, however, only when the review committee finds that a thesis of sufficiently outstanding quality and significance has been entered in competition for this prize. Thus, although in principle the prize may be awarded annually, the review committee has the prerogative to determine in any given year that no entry merits the prize and that no prize will be awarded.

The criteria upon which the review committee will base its evaluation of theses are:

- a) quality of the research design employed,
- b) thoroughness of the scholarship represented,
- c) originality of the research done and the approach used,
- d) significance of the problem addressed and of the progress made in resolving it,
- e) quality of the exposition and presentation of the data and research.

Nominees must have completed and defended their thesis and have been awarded their degrees in the three years prior to the current deadline (9/1/84) in order to be eligible. A nominee need not be a member of the SAA.

Submission of a thesis for consideration for this prize will constitute agreement by the nominee that the Society for American Archaeology will have the first right to publish a prize-winning thesis. Publication by

the SAA is not guaranteed, however, since such factors as financial constraints, excessive publication backlog, etc., may preclude such publication. The SAA will base any decision not to publish a prize-winning thesis solely upon such practical considerations. Such a decision not to publish a thesis therefore will not constitute in any way a depreciation of this prize.

The first of these Dissertation Prizes will be awarded at the 1985 annual meeting of the Society. Non-student members of the SAA are encouraged now to nominate for this prize students whose Ph.D. theses they consider to represent outstanding scholarship and original contributions to the field. Students who have been nominated must, at the same time, be informed of the fact, and they may then submit their thesis in competition if they wish and if they agree to adhere to the conditions of the competition and the prize. All letters of nomination and three copies of all dissertations entered for consideration must be sent by September 1, 1984, to:

Robert Whallon, Chair
SAA Dissertation Prize
Committee
Museum of Anthropology
The University of Michigan
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109

* * *

WASHINGTON REPORT

Philip Speser
SAA Washington Representative

The primary SAA legislative priority continues to be H.R. 3194, S. 1504, The Historic Shipwreck Preservation Act. In this REPORT, I will discuss why this legislation

(continued on page 2)

is important, our legislative strategy and what you can do to help pass the Act.

Like sites on dry land, historic shipwrecks are a vital part of our country's archaeological resources. Underwater archaeological sites are irreplaceable sources of archaeological information. Under current law, submerged sites are denied the same protection from Federal and State laws that resources on land receive.

Why bother with historic wrecks? The "Basic Principles of Archaeological Resource Management" contains three principles. The first of those principles is that archaeological materials and sites are unrenovable resources of significant value and thus merit affirmative protective management. Twenty-six states and the Federal government have laws that provide such affirmative protective management for underwater sites but they cannot be enforced today. Several other states would probably enact similar laws if they believed that they could be enforced.

Laws protecting historic shipwrecks cannot be enforced because of the Federal Law of Salvage, which is part of Federal Admiralty Law. As interpreted by the U.S. Courts, the Law of Salvage takes priority over cultural resources protection laws. Since the U.S. Constitution declares that Federal law is supreme, the operation of the Law of Salvage effectively blocks the enforcement of State laws as well as Federal laws.

The Law of Salvage was designed to encourage the speedy recovery of material from wrecks shortly after the wreck occurred. It was designed to deal with commercial wrecks, not historical wrecks. Yet, as interpreted by the Courts, historic wrecks are not exempt from Admiralty law. Instead, the Salvage Law principle of first to the wreck and first to recover outweigh concerns for historic preservation in Admiralty law. Thus, the only way to protect these wrecks is to change the law.

The consequences of not changing the law, which have been ably presented by Fred Wendorf, Barto Arnold and others, are that historic shipwrecks are routinely "salvaged" by treasure hunters. Viewing a ship "salvaged" by professional treasure hunters is like viewing Mt. Vernon with its walls torn off. Utilizing methods developed solely in accordance with the criterion of "cost-efficiency" rather than methods tempered by scientific concerns, treasure hunters have destroyed and dislocated artifacts, failed to

establish grid systems for carefully recording the context in which artifacts are found, and failed to use appropriate techniques for lifting items to the surface and preserving them from damage due to exposure to their new environment.

The second Basic Principle is that society should ensure the best use of archaeological resources, insofar as is compatible with other social needs. In the case of historic shipwrecks, the efforts of State and Federal government agencies to do just that has been frustrated by the operation of the Law of Salvage. In addition to archaeologists, sport divers and others interested in underwater resources are harmed by our inability to halt irresponsible actions by a small number of politically well-organized and well-financed professional treasure hunters.

The SAA's involvement in H.R. 3194, S. 1504 is a matter of principle--in the noblest sense of that term. H.R. 3194, S. 1504 cuts to the heart of the problem by simply removing historic shipwrecks from the operation of the Law of Salvage. It provides that wrecks located on submerged lands under State control will be under the jurisdiction of State cultural resources laws, while those on Federal lands will be supervised by the appropriate agency or the Department of the Interior.

The SAA's legislative strategy is based on the broad appeal this legislation can have and on the organization of Congress. In order to highlight the breadth of this legislation's appeal, we have built a coalition including the American Anthropological Association, the American Association of Museums, the American Institute for the Conservation of Historical and Artistic Works, the American National Heritage Association, the American Society for Conservation Archaeology, the Archaeological Institute of America, the Association for Field Archaeology, Council of American Maritime Museums, Council on Underwater Archaeology, Florida Archaeological Council, Friends of the Earth, International Congress of Maritime Museums, Society for Historical Archaeology, Society of Professional Archaeologists, State of Florida, and National Institute for the Conservation of Cultural Property.

The major foci of our lobbying have been Members of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the respective Subcommittees with jurisdiction over this legislation, the House Subcommittee on Oceanography; the Senate Subcommittee on Public Lands and Reserved Waters. These Committees must recommend to the rest of their colleagues in the

House or Senate that the legislation be enacted in order to ensure speedy passage. Time is of the essence. This is an election year and in election years very little legislation is passed after the first quarter. Historic shipwrecks are not so pressing a matter as to make passage during this session likely if the bills are not voted on during the first quarter.

In addition to holding extensive conversations with staff and Members of Congress, we have been working archaeologists in the states of key committee members to bring grassroots pressure to bear on the Committees. As all Members like to be re-elected, direct communication in support of a bill from their constituents carries significant weight. Archaeologists such as Paul Harrington and Don Foster in New Hampshire (together with the rest of the New Hampshire Archaeological Society), Rick Sprague in Idaho, and Gordon Watts and Tom Burke in North Carolina deserve thanks from all of us for their efforts in this regard.

You can help ensure passage of the Historic Shipwreck bill in the following way. Examine the following list of Committee Members. If you live in the state of one of these Members, write, telegraph, or telephone him/her directly. If you do not live in one of these states, write, telegraph, or telephone the Chairmen of the Committees and Subcommittees. Your message should be: "Please cosponsor (in the House--H.R. 3194; in the Senate--S. 1504) and do all possible to ensure its speedy enactment."

To address your concerns to your senator, fill in the appropriate mail slot listed below followed by U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C. 20540. The area code for all of the telephone numbers listed below is 202.

* James A. McClure, Idaho, Chairman Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, SD-361 DSOB, 224-2752

* Mark O. Hatfield, Oregon, SH-3 HSOB, 224-3753

* Lowell P. Weicker, Jr., Connecticut, SH-303 HSOB, 224-4041

* Pete V. Domenici, New Mexico, SD-434 DSOB, 224-6621

* Malcolm Wallop, Wyoming, SR-2 HSOB, 224-6441

* John W. Warner, Virginia, SR-4 HSOB, 224-2023

* Frank H. Murkowski, Alaska, SH-317 HSOB, 224-6665

* Don Nickles, Oklahoma, SH-713 HSOB, 224-5754

(continued on page 3)

WASHINGTON REPORT

(continued from page 2)

- * Chic Hecht, Nevada, SH-302
HSOB, 224-6244
 - * John H. Chafee, Rhode Island,
SD-567 DSOB, 224-2921
 - * John Heinz, Pennsylvania,
SR-277 RSOB, 224-6324
 - * J. Bennett Johnston, Louisiana,
Ranking Minority Member,
Committee on Energy and Natural
Resources, SH-136 HSOB, 224-5824
 - * Dale Bumpers, Arkansas, SD-229
DSOB, 224-4843
 - * Wendell H. Ford, Kentucky,
SR-173A RSOB, 224-4343
 - * Howard M. Metzenbaum, Ohio,
SR-363 RSOB, 224-2315
 - * Spark M. Matsunaga, Hawaii,
SH-109 HSOB, 224-6361
 - * John Melcher, Montana, SH-730
HSOB, 224-2644
 - * Paul E. Tsongas, Massachusetts,
SR-392 RSOB, 224-2742
 - * Bill Bradley, New Jersey,
SH-731 HSOB, 224-4843
- To address your concerns to your Representative, fill in the appropriate mail slot listed below followed by U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C. 20515. The area code for the phone numbers listed below is 202.
- * Walter B. Jones, North Carolina,
Chairman Committee on Merchant
Marine and Fisheries, 241 CHOB,
225-3101
 - * Mario Biaggi, New York, 2428
RHOB, 225-2464
 - * Glenn M. Anderson, California,
2329 RHOB, 225-6676
 - * Gerry E. Studds, Massachusetts,
1501 LHOB, 225-3111
 - * Carroll Hubbard, Jr., Kentucky,
2182 RHOB, 225-3115
 - * Don Bonker, Washington, 434
CHOB, 225-3536
 - * Norman E. D'Amours, New
Hampshire, Chairman, Sub-
committee on Oceanography,
2242 RHOB, 225-5456
 - * James L. Oberstar, Minnesota,
2351 RHOB, 225-6211
 - * William J. Hughes, New Jersey,
341 CHOB, 225-6572

- * Barbara A. Mikulski, Maryland,
407 CHOB, 225-4016
- * Earl Hutto, Florida, 330 CHOB,
225-4136
- * W. J. (Billy) Tauzin, Louisiana,
222 CHOB, 225-4031
- * Thomas M. Foglietta, Pennsylvania,
1217 LHOB, 225-4731
- * Dennis M. Hertel, Michigan,
2182 RHOB, 225-3115
- * Roy P. Dyson, Maryland, 224
CHOB, 225-5311
- * William O. Lipinski, Illinois,
1222 LHOB, 225-5701
- * Robert A. Borski, Pennsylvania,
314 CHOB, 225-8251
- * Thomas R. Carper, Delaware,
1020 LHOB, 225-4165
- * Douglas H. Bosco, California,
1330 LHOB, 225-3311
- * Robin M. Tallon, South Carolina,
128 CHOB, 225-3315
- * Lindsay Thomas, Georgia, 324
CHOB, 225-2915
- * Solomon P. Ortiz, Texas, 1524
LHOB, 225-7742
- * Brian Donnelly, Massachusetts,
438 CHOB, 225-3215
- * Edwin B. Forsythe, New Jersey,
Ranking Minority Member, Com-
mittee on Merchant Marine and
Fisheries, 2210 RHOB, 225-4765
- * Gene Snyder, Kentucky, 2188
RHOB, 225-3465
- * Joel Pritchard, Washington,
2268 RHOB, 225-6311
- * Don Young, Alaska, 2331 RHOB,
225-5765
- * Norman F. Lent, New York, 2228
RHOB, 225-7896
- * Robert W. Davis, Michigan, 1124
LHOB, 225-4735
- * William Carney, New York, 1424
LHOB, 225-3826
- * Norman D. Shumway, California,
1203 LHOB, 225-2511
- * Jack Fields, Texas, 413 CHOB,
225-4901
- * Claudine Schneider, Rhode
Island, 1431 LHOB, 225-2735
- * Harold S. Sawyer, Michigan,
301 CHOB, 225-3831

- * Herbert H. Bateman, Virginia,
1518 LHOB, 225-4261
- * John R. McKernan, Jr., Maine,
1428 LHOB, 225-6116
- * William (Webb) Franklin,
Mississippi, 508 CHOB, 225-5876

* * *

GOVERNING STRUCTURE OF THE SAA UNDER REVIEW

In Chicago Vice-President Don Fowler reported to the Executive Committee that the SAA has some 32 standing committees. The responsibilities, authorities, and charges of many of these committees conflict and overlap. In an effort to provide for a more orderly pursuit of SAA business, a new committee structure has been proposed and approved by the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee remains the central policy maker for the SAA. Seven standing committees have been tentatively identified. These are:

- Finance
- Publications
- Governmental Affairs
- Professional Practice
- Public Relations
- Membership
- Administration

If you have any ideas, suggestions, or would like to volunteer for committee work or suggest a nominee for a committee, please contact:

Professor Don Fowler
Department of Anthropology
University of Nevada
Reno, Nevada 89557

* * *

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ARCHAEOLOGY REACTIVATED

The Committee on Public Archaeology (COPA), the AAA's principal political action arm, was reactivated at the Chicago Executive Committee meeting. COPA, which has been inactive for about six months, has been restructured as a subcommittee of the Governmental Affairs Committee (see Bulletin 2(1), page 3, column 3). Ultimately, the Chair of the Governmental Affairs Committee will chair COPA. While the Government Affairs Committee is being organized and a Chair appointed, Dr. Ruthann Knudson will be serving as coordinator of COPA activities.

* * *

ARPA REGULATIONS PUBLISHED

The Archaeological Resources Protection (ARPA) was passed in 1979 to supplement and in part supercede the Antiquities Act of 1907. ARPA establishes permit requirements for archaeological investigations on Federal lands. It also mandates stiff penalties up to \$100,000 for unlawful removal of protected antiquities and for unlawful trafficking in antiquities. The regulations implementing ARPA were jointly developed by the Interior, Defense, Agriculture Departments and the Tennessee Valley Authority. The uniform regulations were published January 6, 1984, and will take effect 30 days after publication. For those interested in reviewing the regulations, they were published in the *Federal Register* under the following titles of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):

Interior	43 CFR 7
Agriculture	36 CFR 296
Defense	32 CFR 229
TVA	18 CFR 1312

* * *

NON-MEMBER SUBSCRIPTIONS AVAILABLE

Subscriptions to the Bulletin will be available to non-members of the SAA. Subscriptions will cost \$10.00 for six issues. To subscribe send a check or money order to:

Mr. Jerome Miller
Executive Director
Society for American
Archaeology
1511 K Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20005

Be sure to note the issue with which you wish your subscription to begin.

* * *

PLACEMENT CENTER

As a service to the membership, the *Bulletin* publishes job listings. The *Bulletin* accepts placement advertisements that conform to the following standards. All notices must be:

1. received by the closing date for copy for that issue (page 8, column 3, May 1983 issue),
2. typed, double-spaced on one side only of non-erasable bond,
3. accompanied by payment of \$25.00 for a 75-word notice,
4. accompanied by the name, address, and phone number of the contact person for each position listed. (This may or may not be the contact person in the notice and will not be published except upon request.),
5. include the closing date for consideration of applicants.

Placement advertisements are published solely as a service to the membership. Publication of a notice does not constitute Society endorsement or approval of the hiring, promotion or retention practices of any organization.

- - -

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY is seeking a Supervisory Historic Preservation Specialist for the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, Golden, Colorado, office. Incumbent will function as the Chief of the Western Division of Project Review. Supervise a staff of Historic Preservation Specialists who review Federal, federally-assisted, or federal-licensed activities that will affect properties included or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places. The area of responsibility includes all states west of the Mississippi River except Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, plus the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and American Samoa. Represents the Council in dealings with other Federal agencies, state and local governments, and private parties. Qualifications required: (Applicants will not be considered further if these requirements are not substantially met.) Three years of general experience and three years of specialized experience as required. Specialized experience is experience in or closely related to the type of work described above. At least one year of specialized experience must have been equivalent to the GS-11 level in the Federal Service. Quality ranking factors: (1) A knowledge of the social, political, and economic aspects of historic preservation issues and problems

in the Western United States; and (2) specialized background in archaeology. Basis of evaluation: All qualified status candidates applying for promotion will be evaluated on the basis of experience, education, training, self-development, awards, performance appraisals and supervisory evaluations as they relate to the aforementioned quality ranking factors. It is suggested that applicants address these factors in their SF-171 or supplement. The names of all qualified candidates apply for lateral reassignment or later transfer will be certified to the selecting official for consideration. All candidates will receive consideration without regard to age, race, religion, color, national origin, politics, sex, or any other non-merit factors. NOTE: All applications must be made on Standard Form SF-171, which can be obtained from the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, Washington, D.C.

All completed applications for Supervisory Historic Preservation Specialist, GS-301-12/13 or GG-301-12/13, must be received on or before February 29, 1984, and should be sent to:

Chief, Branch of Personnel
Operations (B)
Office of the Secretary, Room 5
Department of the Interior
Washington, D.C. 20240

- - -

VISITING SCHOLAR IN EASTERN U.S. ARCHAEOLOGY - The Center for Archaeological Investigations (CAI) at Southern Illinois University at Carbondale, instituted in 1983 a research program for postdoctoral archaeologists. The Visiting Scholar Program provides eleven months of support for a resident scholar interested in pursuing problem-oriented research in some aspect of eastern U.S. prehistory. No specific research topic will be given preference. The visiting scholar will also organize and conduct a conference on or relating to his or her research domain and prepare the conference proceedings for publication through the center.

The CAI was established in 1977 with the goal of simultaneously accomplishing the related missions of archaeological research and service. The Visiting Scholar Program is designed to amplify the center's research potential and to create a means of organizing investigative efforts and communicating their results.

(continued on page 5)

PLACEMENT CENTER

(continued from page 4)

Applications for the visiting scholar position should include a specific proposal for the conference and will be one of the criteria used to evaluate the merits of the scholar's application. The conference will comprise two days of public paper presentations by approximately 20 contributors selected by the scholar early in the term. The remainder of the conference will be devoted to group discussion and evaluation. Conference proceedings will be edited by the visiting scholar and published by the CAI. The visiting scholar position is designed for a relatively junior-level post-doctoral archaeologist or a senior colleague capable of supplementing the stipend. The eleven-month appointment will ordinarily extend from September 1 through July 21. Benefits under the Visiting Scholar program include:

- \$1,800 per month stipend.
- University fringe benefits (medical and life insurance).
- Office and laboratory space in the CAI.
- Use of the center's research facilities, clerical staff, and the university library.
- If the scholar desires, the center will assist in making housing arrangement.

Individuals interested in applying for 1984-1985 should submit a vita, including the names of three references, and a description of no more than five pages covering the proposed research and conference to:

Visiting Scholar Program
Center for Archaeological
Investigations
Southern Illinois University
at Carbondale
Carbondale, Illinois 62901
(618) 536-5529

All applications must be received by March 1, 1984. A decision will be made shortly after the expiration of the deadline. Inquiries about the program may also be directed to the above address or telephone number.

* * *

BULLETIN BOARD

1984 MIDWEST MESOAMERICA CONFERENCE

The Seventh Annual Mesoamerica Conference will be held March 24 and 25, 1984 at Loyola University in Chicago, Illinois. This is a meeting with informal talks and presentations. We require no abstracts and participants are discouraged from reading formal written papers. The emphasis has traditionally been on archaeology, but other presentations focussing on Mesoamerica (art history, ethnology, etc.) are welcome. For more information contact:

Michael E. Smith
Department of Sociology/Anthropology
Loyola University
6525 N. Sheridan Road
Chicago, Illinois 60626

THE UCLA SPECIAL OLYMPIC YEAR SYMPOSIUM, "ARCHAEOLOGY OF THE OLYMPICS"

Since UCLA will have a significant role in the organization and conduct of the XXIII Olympiad to be held in Los Angeles in 1984, a special symposium focussing on the ancient Olympic Games has been organized by the Institute of Archaeology, UCLA.

The program is composed of two days of lectures and discussions among the invited scholars, the UCLA faculty, students and interested guests. Among the participants are some of the outstanding scholars in their fields. It is expected that the symposium will subsequently be published by the Institute of Archaeology.

The symposium is designed to provide a forum for the presentation and discussion of original research material relating to various aspects of the ancient Olympic Games. The archaeological hard evidence will be complemented by the social, historical, linguistic, art historical and religious context of the phenomenon of the Olympic Games in antiquity. The Olympic sites themselves, the contests and contestants and the reflection of the games in sculpture, painting and monuments will all be featured. As you will note, many of the topics, such as political

peace during the Games, women in ancient athletics and professionalism are very timely today.

The symposium will be held Thursday and Friday, April 5 and 6, 1984, at the Faculty Center on the UCLA campus. There will be a nominal registration fee that will include a Registration Packet with parking and admission to all the lectures. Admission at the door will also be possible. Please contact the Institute of Archaeology, (213) 825-4169 for additional information as it becomes available.

ICAZ INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

The Fifth International Conference on Archaeozoology will be held in Bordeaux, France, between the 25th and 29th of August 1986. This conference is sponsored by the International Council for Archaeozoology and is being organized by Pierre Ducos and his French colleagues with the support of various local and national French academic, research, cultural, and political bodies. There is no specific theme for the conference other than "taking stock of world archaeozoological research." Individual contributions and ideas for symposia are solicited so long as they fall within the definition of archaeozoology as "the study of animal remains connected with the settlements of ancient human groups, thus contributing to the knowledge of those groups." For registration forms please write to the organizer: Dr. Pierre Ducos, V^e Conférence ICAZ, C.R.E.P., St. André de Cruzières, France.

Previous International Conferences on Archaeozoology were held in Budapest (1971), Groningen (1974), Szczecin (1978), and London (1982). The last conference attracted more than 230 researchers from 32 countries including 41 from the USA. The proceedings of that London conference are currently being published in four volumes by British Archaeological Reports (Oxford) under the title "Animals and Archaeology." The first volume, subtitled "Hunters and Their Prey", has already appeared (BAR International Series 163, 1983).

The International Council on Archaeozoology was formed in

(continued on page 6)

The BULLETIN of the Society for American Archaeology is a bimonthly publication of the Society for American Archaeology. Alan S. Downer, Editor. The BULLETIN is distributed free to all U.S. members of the SAA and all U.S. institutional subscribers to AMERICAN ANTIQUITY. Correspondence relating to subscriptions, address changes, claims for lost issues, should be addressed to the Society for American Archaeology, 1511 K Street, NW, Suite 716, Washington, D.C. 20005. Information for inclusion in the BULLETIN, articles for publication, letters to the editor, should be sent to SAA BULLETIN, 6889 Quay Street, Arvada, Colorado 80003.

BULLETIN BOARD

(continued from page 5)

Groningen in 1974 in order to promote the study of and standards in the study of faunal remains from archaeological sites. Corresponding membership is available to anyone interested in archaeozoological or related research by writing the General Secretary: Dr. A. T. Clason, Biologisch-Archaeologisch Instituut, Poststraat 6, 9712 ER Groningen, The Netherlands.

The Engineering and Groundwater Committee of the Society of Exploration Geophysicists is sponsoring a session including technical papers on the application of remote sensing and high-resolution ground geophysical methods in mapping and evaluating human cultural resources at the Fall 1984 S.E.G. Annual Meeting in Atlanta on "Archaeology and Geophysics". A 1,000-2,000 word extended abstract will be required by May 1, 1984, by those interested in participating. Additional information is available from:

Dr. Jeffrey C. Wynn
U.S. Geological Survey
913 National Center
Reston, Virginia 22092
(703) 860-6564

ENVIRONMENTAL PAPERS SOUGHT FOR ANTHROPOLOGY MEETING

The Committee of Anthropologists in Environmental Planning is seeking papers for one or more sessions at the 1984 American Anthropological Association annual meeting in Denver (November 14-18). Papers are particularly sought on two topics: state or regional plans for historic/cultural resource preservation; and state-of-the-art reviews of environmental planning subjects commonly studied by anthropologists (social impact assessment, American Indian Religious Freedom law, etc.). Effects of the November 1984 election on these topics will be a major focus of discussion at the meeting.

Abstracts, registration forms and fees should be sent by March 1, 1984, to Catherine Slusser, Historic Preservation Office, 1133 North Capitol Street, Room 3380, Washington, D.C. 20002 (state plan related papers); or to Richard Lerner, Environmental Branch, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 211 Main Street, San Francisco, California 94105 (other environmental planning

related papers). Forms appeared in the November 1983 Anthropology Newsletter, or may be obtained from the A.A.A., 1703 New Hampshire Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20009.

NEW WORLD CONFERENCE ON RESCUE ARCHEOLOGY - 15-17 November 1984 Dallas, Texas

The New World Conference on Rescue Archeology was conceived and organized to promote international communication leading to active cooperation in the preservation of the historic and prehistoric cultural heritage shared by all the American people. Throughout the Western Hemisphere massive land disturbance associated with public works projects--as well as private development--daily threaten, disarrange and destroy portions of our cultural heritage that can never be restored; citizens of all Americas must accept the responsibility for protecting a significant part of it for the benefit of future generations. Concerned New World preservationists are urged to attend and participate.

Major Conference Objectives

- To initiate fruitful communication between cultural preservationists and those responsible for making decisions that affect cultural resources threatened by land disturbance in large public works projects.
- To improve the quality of archeological research in all nations of the Western Hemisphere.
- To elevate archeology and historic preservation to a higher level of consciousness among all New World citizens.

Conference Approach

Distinguished speakers, symposia, panel and round-table discussions will address Conference objectives. Receptions, luncheon and dinner sessions, and a field trip to an important excavation project will offer opportunities for professional collaboration.

Individual speakers and discussion groups will focus their remarks on topics identified by the First New World Conference on Rescue Archeology, such as:

- Recognition by governments of the effects of development on archeological resources and associated cultural values during the early planning of large public works programs.

-- Communicating to planners, developers and preservationists better understanding of the techniques, objectives, methods--the state of the art of modern archeology.

-- International cooperation to discourage illicit traffic in cultural property.

-- Rescue archeology, science and the universal realities of public works projects.

-- Responsible interaction with the public on the objectives and results of rescue archeology and on the importance of protecting our cultural heritage.

Conference Setting

Dallas, Texas, has been chosen as the site for the Second New World Conference on Rescue Archeology.

All daytime sessions will be held in the Dallas Hilton Inn, the headquarters hotel, located at 5600 North Central Expressway, adjacent to the Southern Methodist University Campus.

Conference Sponsors

- The Organization of American States
- Southern Methodist University
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- The National Trust for Historic Preservation

GORDON RESEARCH CONFERENCE ON DIET AND HUMAN EVOLUTION

The Gordon Research Conference on Diet and Human Evolution will be held February 6 through 10, 1984. The Conference will bring together approximately 120 scientists from a variety of scientific fields who are actively involved in research relating to the subject matter of the Conference. For more information contact:

Michael J. DeNiro, Chairman
Gordon Research Conference
on Diet and Human Evolution
University of California, Los Angeles
Department of Earth and Space Sciences
3806 Geology Building
Los Angeles, California 90024

* * *

SOCIETY FOR AMERICAN ARCHAEOLOGY

1511 K STREET NW

WASHINGTON DC 20005

TELEPHONE 202/638-6079

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

The Society was established in December 1934. The objects of the Society as stated in its bylaws are:

- to promote and to stimulate interest and research in the archaeology of the American continents
- to encourage a more rational public appreciation of the aims and limitations of archaeological research
- to serve as a bond among those interested in American archaeology, both professionals and nonprofessionals, and to aid in directing their efforts into more scientific channels
- to publish and to encourage the publication of their results
- to foster the formation and welfare of local archaeological societies
- to advocate and to aid in the conservation of archaeological data, and
- to discourage commercialism in the archaeological field and to work for its elimination

The bylaws further state that "The practice of collecting, hoarding, buying, or selling archaeological materials for the sole purpose of personal satisfaction or financial gain, and the indiscriminate excavation of archaeological sites are declared contrary to the ideals and objects of the Society."

I am in sympathy with the ideals and objects of the Society, and hereby apply for membership:

Signature

Name (please print)

Date

Address

Recommended by

City, State/Province, Zip/Postal Code, Country

The Society has two regular publications -- a quarterly journal, American Antiquity, and a newsletter, the BULLETIN. All members receive both publications except for Foreign members, who do not receive the BULLETIN, and Joint members, who receive publications through their spouse's Regular membership.

Please check appropriate category below and remit the amount indicated in US funds:

- | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Regular \$50 | <input type="checkbox"/> Student \$25 | <input type="checkbox"/> Joint (spouse of member) \$10 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Retired (over 65) \$25 | <input type="checkbox"/> Life \$600 | <input type="checkbox"/> Foreign (other than Canada) \$40 |

Please check your archaeological interests (as many as apply):

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Professional | <input type="checkbox"/> Avocational | <input type="checkbox"/> Academic |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Contract | <input type="checkbox"/> Museum | <input type="checkbox"/> Government |

Annual dues must accompany this application. Upon receipt of completed application and dues payment, a new member packet will be promptly forwarded.